

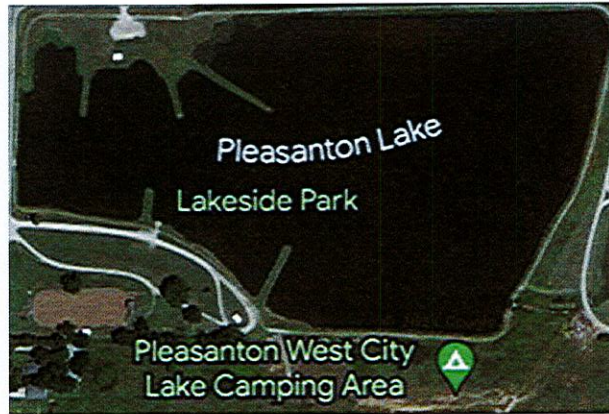
# Pleasanton City Lakes

Three lakes offer outstanding fishing and leisure activities. Several miles of walking paths wrap around Stegge Lake and the Lower West Lake, featuring park benches and sheltering structures. Dry camping is allowed at both the East Lake and the West Lake. Fishing and boating regulations apply.



## East Lake

Located one mile North, ½ mile east of Pleasanton. Covers 127 acres.



## Upper West Lake (Stegge Lake)

Located ½ mile west of Pleasanton. Covers 32 acres.



## Lower West Lake

Located ¼ mile west of Pleasanton. Covers 11 acres.

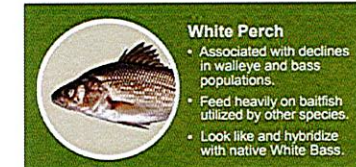
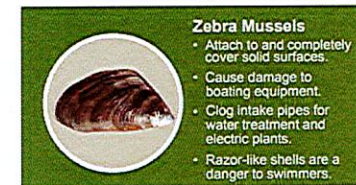
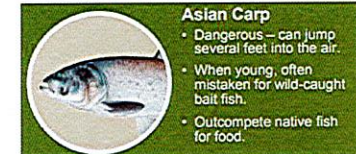
Aquatic Nuisance Species (ANS) are

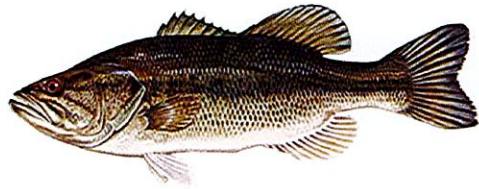
- Any non-native species (animal or plant) that harms Kansas waters.
- A billion-dollar threat to boating, fishing, industry, agriculture, and municipal water supplies.
- Usually spread by “hitching” a ride with anglers, boaters or other outdoor recreationists.

You can help prevent the spread of ANS by

- **CLEANING** - Remove all plants, animals, and mud and thoroughly wash your boat.
- **DRAINING** – Eliminate all water from your boat before leaving the lake.
- **DISPOSING** of unused bait on land or in an approved bait receptacle.
- **DRYING** – Allow five days for your boat to completely dry before transporting to other waters.

**Please watch for and report any of the below ANS you see in any Pleasanton Lake.**





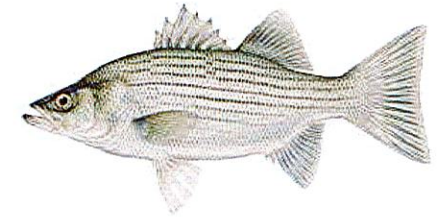
**LARGEMOUTH BASS  
21" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

Largemouth are usually found near aquatic vegetation or other structures. The largemouth's upper jaw extends beyond the eye. Best lures include spinner-baits, plastic worms, and crankbaits.



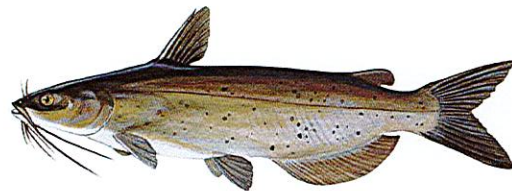
**WALLEYE  
EAST LAKE - 18" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

The walleye is thick-bodied and brown/black and yellow in color, with indistinct blotches on the sides, not extending below the lateral line. The spiny dorsal fin has indistinct streaks or blotches with a distinct dark blotch at its rear base.



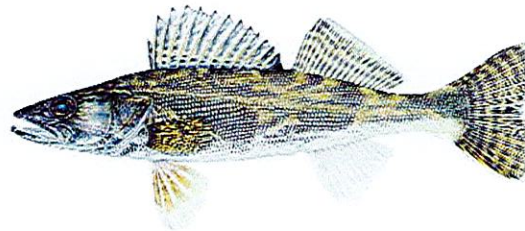
**WIPER  
EAST LAKE – 18" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

Wipers are a hybrid of white bass and striped bass that grow fast and fight hard. They have distinct broken horizontal stripes. The back of the tongue has 2 tooth patches.



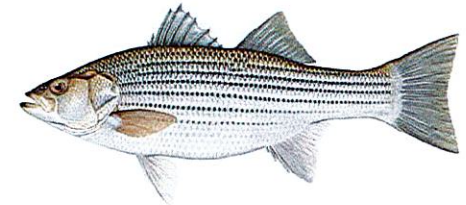
**CHANNEL CATFISH  
15" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

Channel are brownish-yellow in color with a white belly. The lower jaw is even with the upper jaw. The anal fin has a round edge and the tail is forked.



**SAUGEYE  
EAST LAKE – 18" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

The saugeye is a hybrid of a sauger and walleye that is hardy and grows fast. The saugeye is thick-bodied and brown/black and yellow in color, with distinct blotches on the sides extending below the lateral line. The spiny dorsal has distinct streaks, often with one or two rows of spots at the base.



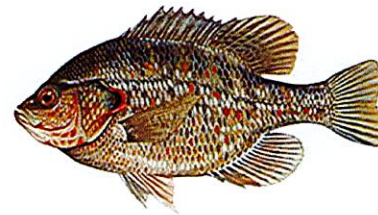
**STRIPED BASS  
EAST LAKE – 18" MINIMUM/2 PER DAY**

Stripers have distinct unbroken horizontal stripes. Their spiny and soft dorsal fins are not connected. The back of the tongue has two tooth patches.



**CRAPPIE  
NO LENGTH LIMIT/50 PER DAY**

Black crappie have a dark green, uniform speckled coloration with no vertical barring. White crappie have a vertical barring in the speckled coloration.



**REDEAR SUNFISH  
NO LENGTH OR CREEL LIMIT**

The redear is similar in shape to the bluegill and has a red trim around the tab on its gill cover. The redear get bigger than bluegill and are generally more difficult to catch.



**BLUEGILL  
NO LENGTH OR CREEL LIMIT**

A saucer-shaped sunfish with a namesake blue tab on its gill cover, the bluegill is a popular sportfish that readily takes bait or small lures.



**GREEN SUNFISH  
NO LENGTH OR CREEL LIMIT**

The green sunfish has the blue tab on its gill cover but is somewhat less saucer shaped than the bluegill and has a noticeably larger mouth.